User Manual



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Information on this Manual

Validity

This manual is valid for the following devices:

Off grid solar inverter with MPPT controller, 3KVA;

Scope

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations.

Target Group

This document is intended for qualified persons and end users. Tasks that do not require any particular qualification can also be performed by end users. Qualified persons must have the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing and using electrical devices and installations
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices and installations
- Knowledge of the applicable standards and directives
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information

Safety Instructions

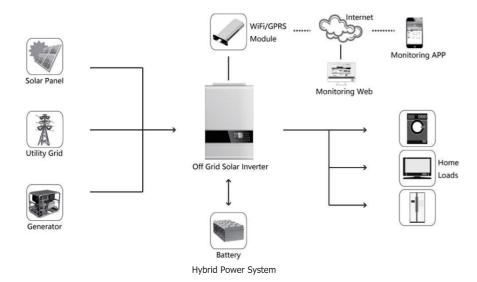


WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- Before using the unit, read all instructions and caution marks on the unit, understand the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- CAUTION --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other
 types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 5. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 6. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required.

 Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 7. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk, such as dropping a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts, could cause an explosion.
- 8. For optimum operation of this off grid solar inverter, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this off grid solar inverter.
- Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10.GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS —This off grid solar inverter should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 11. Fuses are provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 12. Warning!! Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this off grid solar inverter back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

Introduction



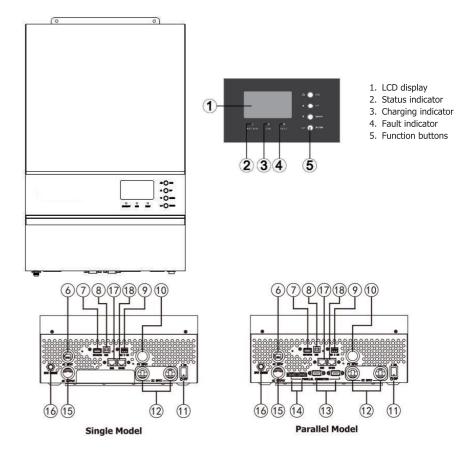
This is a multifunctional off grid solar inverter, integrated with a MPPT solar charge controller, a high frequency pure sine wave inverter and a UPS function module in one machine, which is perfect for off grid backup power and self-consumption applications. The transformerless design provides reliable power conversion in compact size.

The whole system also need other devices to achieve complete running such as PV modules, generator, or utility grid. Please consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. The WiFi / GPRS module is a plug-and-play monitoring device to be installed on the inverter. With this device, users can monitor the status of the PV system from the mobile phone or from the website anytime anywhere.

Features

- ▶ 24V/48V battery system
- Pure sine wave output 3KW
- ▶ Inbuilt MPPT 80A
- ▶ High frequency inverter with small size and light weight
- Overload, short circuit and deep discharge protection
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- ▶ Parallel operation up to 6 unit
- ▶ With CAN/RS485 for BMS communication
- ▶ WIFI/ GPRS remote monitoring (optional)

Product Overview



- 6. AC input
- 8. USB communication port
- 10. PV input
- 12. Battery input
- 14. Current sharing ports (only for parallel model)
- 16. Circuit breaker
- 18.Rs485 communication port (for expansion)

- 7. WiFi/GPRS communication port
- 9. Dry contact
- 11. Power on/off switch
- 13. Parallel communication ports (only for parallel model)
- 15. AC output
- 17.BMS communication port(support CAN/RS485 protocol)

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Installation

Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items in the package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 1
- ▶ Software CD x 1
- Current sharing cable (parallel model available)
- ▶ Parallel communication cable (parallel model available)

Preparation

Before connecting all wiring, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



Mounting the Unit

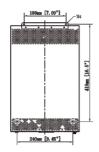
Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- ▶ Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- ▶ The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- ▶ The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.





20cm

Battery Connection Lead-acid Battery Connection

User can choose proper capacity lead acid battery with a nominal voltage at 48V for 48V model and at 24V for 24 model. You need to choose battery type as "AGM(default) or FLD".

CAUTION: For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

Ring terminal:

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified person.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.



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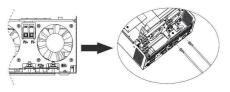
Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

				Ring Terminal				
N4I -I	Maximum	Battery	TTII C SIZC		Dimensions		Torque	
Model	Amperage	capacity		Cable mm ²	D (mm)	L (mm)	value	
21//A /24V	3KVA /24V 141A 20	200AH —	1*2AWG	38	6.4	39.2	2~ 3 Nm	
3KVA / 24V			ZUUAN	ZUUAIT	2*6AWG	28	6.4	33.2
3KVA /48V	VA /48V 71A		100AH 1*4AWG	1*4AWG	22	6.4	39.2	2~ 3 Nm
3KVA /48V	/1A	200AH	2*8AWG	16	6.4	33.2	2~ 3 NIII	

Note: for lead acid battery, the recommended charge current is 0.2C(C♠ battery capacity)

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size.
- Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to connect at least 100Ah capacity battery for 3KVA/48V model and at least 200Ah capacity battery for 3KVA/24V model.
- 3. Insert the ring terminal of battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.





WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!! Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

CAUTION!! Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

CAUTION!! Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

4

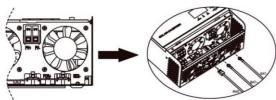
20cm

Lithium Battery Connection

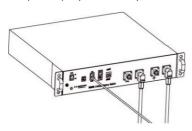
If choosing lithium battery for the inverter, you are allowed to use the lithium battery only which have configured. There're two connectors on the lithium battery, RJ45 port of BMS and power cable.

Please follow below steps to implement lithium battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size (same as Lead acid, see section Lead-acid Battery connection for details)
- 2. Insert the ring terminal of battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.
- 3. Connect the end of RJ45 of battery to BMS communication port(RS485 or CAN) of inverter.



4. The other end of RJ45 insert to battery comm port(RS485 or CAN).



Note: If choosing lithium battery, make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and the inverter. You need to choose battery type as "lithium battery".

Lithium battery communication and setting

In order to communicate with battery BMS, you should set the battery type to "LI" in Program 5. Then the LCD will switch to Program 36, which is to set the protocol type. There are several protocols in the inverter which can match some customized battery, Please consult with supplier first before you choosing the battery model.

1. Connect the end of RJ45 of battery to BMS communication port of inverter

Make sure the lithium battery BMS port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin, the inverter BMS port and RS485 port pin assignment shown as below:

Pin number	BMS port	RS485 port (for expansion)
1	RS485B	RS485B
2	RS485A	RS485A
3		
4	CANH	
5	CANL	
6		
7		
8		



2. LCD setting

To connect battery BMS, need to set the battery type as "LI" in Program 05.

After set "L1" in Program 05, it will switch to Program 36 to choose battery type. There will be some options under Program 36.

		AGM (default) Flooded OS FLd
		Lithium (only suitable when communicated with BMS)
		User-Defined USE USE
05	Battery type	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21.
		User-Defined 2 (suitable when lithium battery without BMS communication
		If "User-Defined 2" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 19, 20 and 21. It is recommended to set to the same voltage in program 19 and 20(full charging voltage point of lithium battery). The inverter will stop charging when the battery voltage reaches this setting.

	RS485	Protocol 1	PŁC 3½ LOI
		Protocol 2	6FC 30 FOS
	Communication protocol	Ē	-
		· ·	•
36		Protocol 50	PŁC 3% LSO
	CAN	Protocol 51	PEC 3½ LSI
		Protocol 52	PEC 3% LS2
	Communication protocol		•
			•
		Protocol 99	PFC 30 F33

Note: When the battery type set to Li, the setting option 12, 13, 21 will change to display percent. **Note:** When the battery type set as "LI", the Maximum charge current can't be modified by the user. When the communication fail, the inverter will cut off output.

12	Setting SOC point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	50% Default 50%, 10%~50% Settable
13	Setting SOC point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	95 % Default 95%, 30%~100% Settable
21	Low DC Cut-off SOC. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	COU 2 2 2 2 2 3 8 Default 20%, 5%~30% Settable

Note: Any questions about communicating with BMS, please consult with manufacturer.

Note: If need to use communicate with BMS in a parallel system, you should make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and one inverter of the parallel system. It's recommended to connect to the master inverter of the parallel system.

AC Input/Output Connection

CAUTION!! Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 40A for 3KVA.

CAUTION!! There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

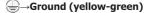
WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

_	Model	Gauge	Torque Value
	3KVA	8 AWG	1.4~ 1.6Nm

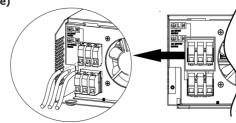
Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor if irst.



L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)





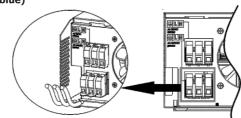
WARNING:

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

9

- Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws.
 Be sure to connect PE protective conductor first.
- Ground (yellow-green)
- L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Important

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check with manufacturer of air conditioner that if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this off grid solar inverter will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

PV Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It'' very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
3KVA	80A	6 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm

PV Module Selection:

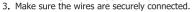
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

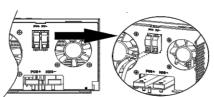
- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode			
INVERTER MODEL	3KVA /24V	3KVA /48V	
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	145Vdc	145Vdc	
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	30~115Vdc	60~115Vdc	
Min. battery voltage for PV charge	17Vdc	34Vdc	

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.







Final Assembly

After connecting all wiring, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



Communication Connection

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

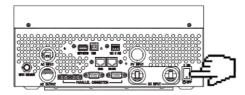
Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact(3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

	Unit Status	Condition			Dry contact port:	
						NO & C
	Power Off		Unit is off and r	no output is powered	Close	Open
			Output is por	wered from Utility	Close	Open
Power Or		Program 01 set as Utility first Output is powered from Battery or Solar Program 01 set as Utility first Program 01 is set as SBU or Solar first	set as Utility	Battery voltage (SOC)< Low DC warning voltage(SOC)	Open	Close
	Power On			Battery voltage(SOC) > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
			Program 01 is	Battery voltage (SOC)< Setting value in Program 12	Open	Close
			Battery voltage (SOC)> Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open	

Operation

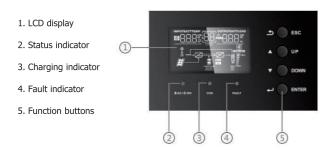
Power ON/OFF



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



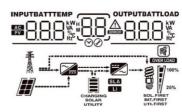
LED Indicator

LED I	ndicator		Messages
*AC/XINV	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
₩AG/WINV	Green	Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
★ CHG	Croon	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
	Green	Flashing	Battery is charging.
▲ FAULT	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
ZIX FAULI	Reu	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

Function Buttons

Button	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

LCD Display Icons



Icon	Function Description				
Input Source In	formatio	ormation			
AC	Indicates the AC input.				
PV	Indicate	Indicates the PV input			
BBB kw		e input voltage, input fred current.	juency, PV voltage, battery voltage and		
Configuration Pr	ogram a	nd Fault Information			
88	Indicate	es the setting programs.			
	Indicate BE	Indicates the warning and fault codes. Warning: flashing with warning code. Fault:lighting with fault code			
Output Informat	tion				
OUTPUTBATTLOAD		Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.			
Battery Informa	tion				
CHARGING		Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.			
SOLAR	"UTILIT	These two signs indicate the charge priority. "SOLAR" indicates solar first. "UTILITY" indicate utility first. "SOLAR" blinking indicates solar only; "SOLAR" and "UTILITY" both on indicates combined charging.			
n AC mode, it will բ	present ba	attery charging status.			
Status		Battery voltage	LCD display		
		<2V/cell	4 bars will flash in turns.		
		2~2.083V/cell	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.		
Constant current Constant voltage		2.083~2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.		
		>2.167V/cell	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.		
Flooring model Do	ttorios ar	e fully charged	4 bars will be on.		

In battery mode, it	will present b	attery	capacity.		
Load Percentage			ery Voltage	LCD Dis	splay
		< 1.7	717V/cell		
Load >50%		1.717V/cell ~ 1.8V/cell			
		1.8 ~ 1.883V/cell			
		> 1.8	383 V/cell		
		< 1.8	317V/cell		
		1.817	7V/cell ~ 1.9V/cell		
50%> Load > 20°	%	1.9 ^	1.983V/cell		
		> 1.9	983		
		< 1.8	367V/cell		
J J. 2007		< 1.867V/cell 1.867V/cell 1.867V/cell			
Load < 20%		1.95 ~ 2.033V/cell			
		> 2.033			
Load Information	1				
OVERLOAD	Indicates ov	erload			
	Indicates the	e load	level by 0-24%, 25-	19%, 50-74% a	ind 75-100%.
3 100%	0%~249	6	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
25%	[/		7	7	7
Mode Operation	Information		.,	· ·	
*	Indicates un	it conr	nects to the mains.		
	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.				
BYPASS	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.				
	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.				
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.				
SOL.FIRST BAT.FIRST UTI.FIRST	These three signs indicate the output priority. "SOL.FIRST" indicates solar first. "BAT.FIRST" indicates battery first. "UTI.FIRST" indicates utility first.				
Mute Operation					
	Indicates un	it aları	m is disabled.		

LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, it will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. Then press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Setting Option		
		Solar first	0 ₀ 1 50L	
		If solar energy is not s battery energy will sup Utility provides power happens: - Solar energy is not a	s to either low-level warning voltage or	
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source	Utility first (default)	O°I NFI	
	priority		rer to the loads as first priority. Try will provide power to the loads only not available.	
		SBU priority	0 ₀ I SbU	
		If solar energy is not s battery energy will sup Utility provides power	power to the loads as first priority. sufficient to power all connected loads, oply power to the loads at the same time. to the loads only when battery voltage rel warning voltage or the setting point in	
02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	24V model: default 60. 48V model: default 60. (If Li is selected in Pro		
		O3 RPL Appliance (default)	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 65~140VAC	
		OB UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 95~140VAC	
03	03 AC input voltage range	Generator (Only diesel generators allowed)	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 65~140VAC. In this mode, the Max. charging current is 30A. Note: When connecting generator, the generator should be no less than 10KVA(no less than 20KVA for three phase parallel system), and the inverters should be no more than 2 units in one phase.	

04	Power saving mode enable/disable	Saving mode disable (default)	If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected.		
	Chableyalsable	Saving mode enable	If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.		
		AGM (default)	OS FLd		
		Lithium (only suitable v	when communicated with BMS)		
		User-Defined			
05	Battery type		ected, battery charge voltage and low be set up in program 19, 20 and 21.		
		User-Defined 2 (suitable when lithium battery without BMS communication)			
		0 <u>5</u> US2			
		DC cut-off voltage can recommended to set to 20(full charging voltage	belected, battery charge voltage and low be set up in program 19, 20 and 21. It is to the same voltage in program 19 and e point of lithium battery). The inverter in the battery voltage reaches this setting.		
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable		
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable		
08	Output voltage	120V (default)			
09	Output frequency	60Hz (default)	50Hz 09 50 _{**}		
10	Number of series batteries connected	BATT I	4		
(e.g. Showing batteries are connected in 4 series)					

	,		
11	Maximum utility charging current Note: If setting value in Program 02 is smaller than that in Program 11, the inverter will apply charging current from Program 02 for utility charger	24V model: default 30/ 48V model: default 30/ (If Li is selected in Prog	
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01		3.0V, 22.0V~25.6V Settable 5.0V, 44.0V~51.2V Settable
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01		.0V, 24.0V~29.0V Settable .0V, 48.0V~58.0V Settable
14	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	mode, charger source Solar first IH CSO Utility first IH Solar and Utility Only Solar IH OSO If this off grid solar invesioning mode, only solar	erter is working in Line, Standby or Fault can be programmed as below: Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available. Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available. Solar energy and utility will both charge battery. Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not. erter is working in Battery mode or Power or energy can charge battery. Solar energy
15	Alarm control	Alarm on (default)	's available and sufficient. Alarm off LOF
16	Backlight control	Backlight on (default)	Backlight off
17	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off
18	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode	Bypass disable (default)	Bypass enable

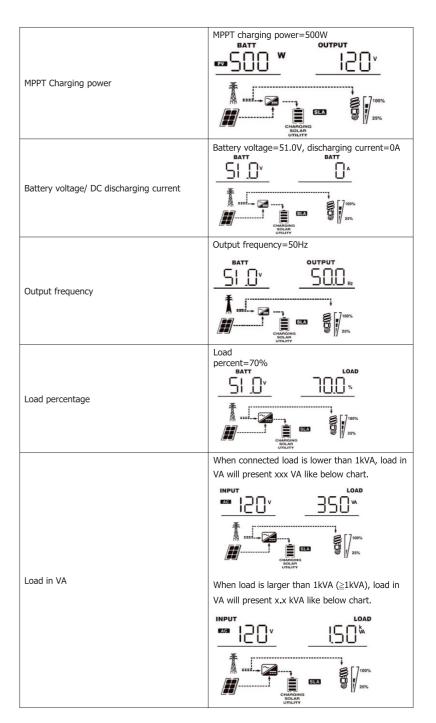
19	C.V. charging voltage. If self-defined is selected In program 5, this program can be set up		5
20	Floating charging voltage If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up	FLU 20 5 24V model: default 27.	Ö
21	Low DC cut-off voltage. If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.	24V model: default 21. 48V model: default 42. 1. If battery power is o shut down. 2. If PV energy and batcharge battery without 3. If PV energy, battery inverter will transfer to	0V, 20.0V~24.0V Settable 0V, 40.0V~48.0V Settable inly power source available, inverter will ttery power are available, inverter will
22	Solar power balance. When enabled, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to connected load power	Solar power balance enable (Default): 22 ShE Solar power balance disable: 22 Shd	If selected, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the following formula: Max. input solar power = Max. battery charging power + Connected load power. If selected, the solar input power will be the same to max. battery charging power no matter how much loads are connected. The max. battery charging power will be based on the setting current in program 2. (Max. solar power = Max. battery charging power)
23	AC output mode *This setting is only available when the inverter is in standby mode (Switch off). Power saving function will be automatically disabled when in parallel	When not in parallel operation Single mode Single phase When the units are used in parallel with single phase Three phase: 3P1, 3P2, 3P2 Three phase: 3P1, 3P2, 3P2 It requires at least 3 inverters to support three-phase equipment, 1 inverter in each phase. Please select "3P1" for the inverters connected to L1 phase, "3P2" for the inverters connected to L2 phase and "3P3" for the inverters connected to L3 phase. Do NOT connect share current cable between units on different phases.	
	operation	Select "2P0" for the inv If connect split phase 1 connected to L2 phase If connect split phase 1 connected to L2 phase	rerters connected to L1 phase; L20V/208V, select "2P1" for inverters; L20V/240V, select "2P2" for inverters

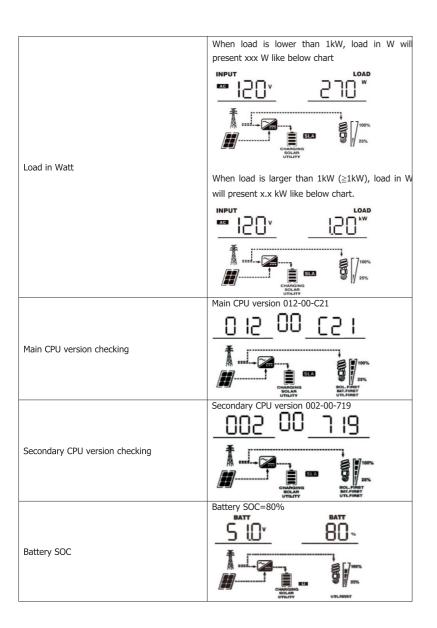
28	Address setting	49F 58 1			
20	Address setting	48V model: default 1, 1~255 Settable 24V model: default 1, 1~255 Settable			
43	Battery equalization	Battery equalization enable E9 43 ENR E9 43 S			
		If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.			
44	Battery equalization voltage	Equ 4% 284			
44	battery equalization voltage	48V model: default 58.4V, 48.0V~58.4V Settable 24V model: default 29.2V, 24.0V~29.2V Settable			
45	Battery equalized time	EQL 45 60 Default 60min, 5min~900min Settable			
46	Battery equalized timeout	EQD 45 I20 Default 120min, 5min~900min Settable			
47	Equalization interval	EQI 47 30 Default 30days, 1 days~90 days Settable			
		Equalization activated immediately on Eq 48 EQN Eq 48 EQF			
48	Equalization activated immediately	If equalization function is enabled in program 43, this program can be setup. If "On" is selected in this program, it's to activate battery equalization immediately and LCD main page will shows "Eq". I ". If "Off" is selected, it will cancel equalization function until next activated equalization time arrives based on program 47 setting. At this time, "Eq" will not be shown in LCD main page.			

Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

Setting Information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=120V, output voltage=120V INPUT OUTPUT V INPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT V INPUT OUTPUT V INPUT OUTPUT
Input frequency	Input frequency=50Hz INPUT OUTPUT O
PV voltage	PV voltage=60V INPUT OUTPUT O
Charging current	Current ≥ 10A BATT OUTPUT CHARGING SOLAN CURRENT OUTPUT DA 25% CHARGING CHAR





Operating Mode Description

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Standby mode / Power saving mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge between the inverter without AC output.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by utility. Charging by utility. Charging by utility.
*Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.		Charging by PV energy. Chargi
Fault mode Note: *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	PV energy and utility can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by utility. Charging by utility. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy.
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by PV energy

Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility CHARGING SOLAN UTILITY CHARGING SOLAN UTILITY
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy. 100% 25%

Parallel Installation Guide

Introduction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 6 units.
- 2. Maximum 6 units work together to support three-phase equipment. Four units support one phase maximum.
- 3. Maximum 6 units work together to support split-phase equipment. Five units support one phase maximum. Note: If the package includes share current cable and parallel cable, the inverter is default supported parallel operation. You may skip section 3. If not, please purchase parallel kit and install this unit by following instruction from professional technical personnel in local dealer.

Package Contents

In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:







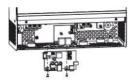
Parallel board Parallel communication cable

Parallel board installation

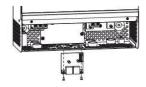
Step 1: Remove wire cover by unscrewing all screws.



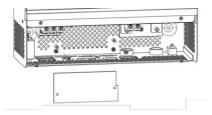
Step 2: Remove communication board by unscrewing two screws as below chart.



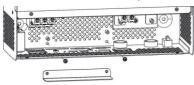
Step 3: Remove Rs485 communication board by unscrewing two screws as below chart.(BMS model)



Step 4: Remove two screws as below chart and remove 2-pin and 14-pin cables. Take out the board under the communication board.



Step 5: Remove two screws as below chart to take out cover of parallel communication.



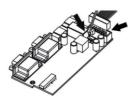
Step 6: Install new parallel board with 2 screws tightly.



Step 7: Re-connect 2-pin and 14-pin to original position.

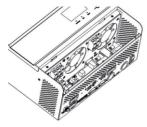
Parallel board







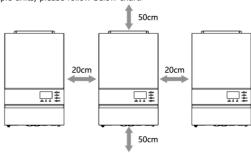
Step 8: Put communication board back to the unit.



Step 9: Put wire cover back to the unit. Now the inverter is providing parallel operation function.

Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



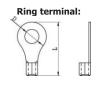
Note: For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

Wiring Connection

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter.					
Model		Ring Terminal			Torque
Model	Wire Size	Cable	Dimer	nsions	value
		mm ²	D(mm)	L(mm)	
3KVA/24V	1*2AWG	38	6.4	39.2	2~3 Nm
3KVA/24V	2*6AWG	28	6.4	39.2	2~3 IVIII
3KVA/48V	1*4AWG	22	6.4	39.2	2~3 Nm
3NVA/40V	2*8AWG	16	6.4	39.2	2~5 IVIII



WARNING: Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
3KVA	8 AWG	1.4~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

CAUTION!! Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input.

Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

Model	1 unit
3KVA / 24V	150A/32VDC
3KVA / 48V	100A/60VDC

^{*}If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Model	2 units	3 units	4 units	5 units	6 units
3KVA	100A/230VAC	150A/230VAC	200A/230VAC	250A/230VAC	300A/230VAC

Note1: Also, you can use 50A breaker for only 1 unit, and each inverter has a breaker at its AC input.

Note2: Regarding three phase system, you can use 4 poles breaker, the rating is up to the current of the phase which has the maximum units. Or you can follow the suggestion of note 1.

Recommended battery capacity

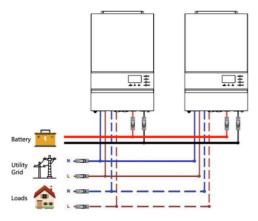
Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4	5	6
Battery Capacity	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH

WARNING! Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

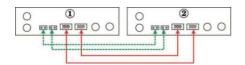
Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

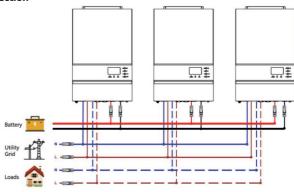


Communication Connection

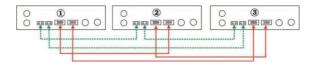


Three inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

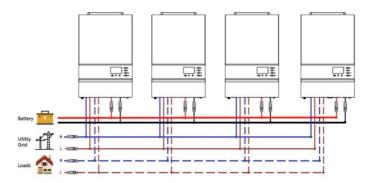


Communication Connection

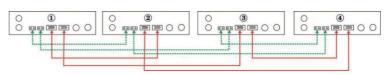


Four inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

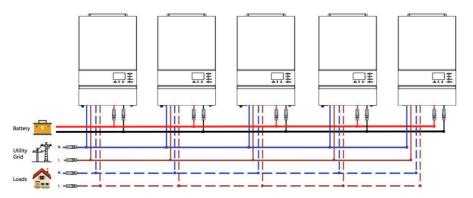


Communication Connection

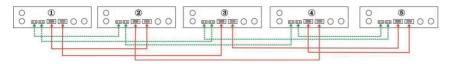


Five inverters in parallel:

Power Connection

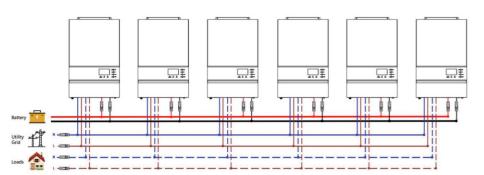


Communication Connection



Six inverters in parallel:

Power Connection



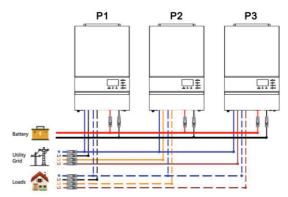
Communication Connection



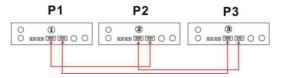
Parallel Operation in Three Phase

One inverter in each phase:

Power Connection

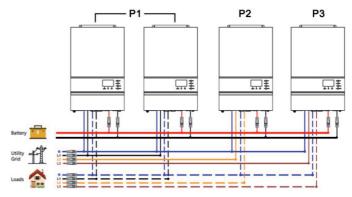


Communication Connection

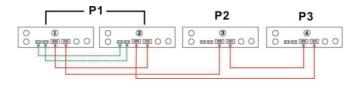


Two inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining phases:

Power Connection

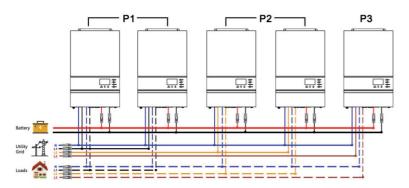


Communication Connection

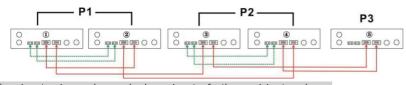


Two inverters in two phases and only one inverter for the remaining phase:

Power Connection

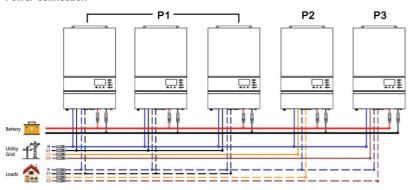


Communication Connection

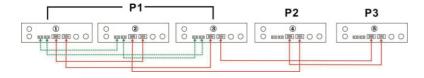


Three inverters in one phase and only one inverter for the remaining two phases:

Power Connection

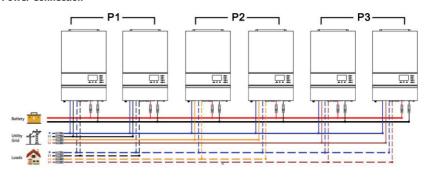


Communication Connection



Two inverters in each phase:

Power Connection

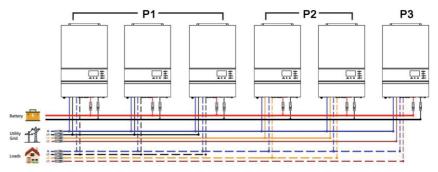


Communication Connection

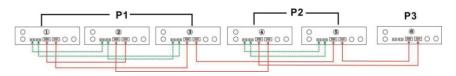


Three inverters in one phase, two inverters in second phase and one inverter for the third phase:

Power Connection

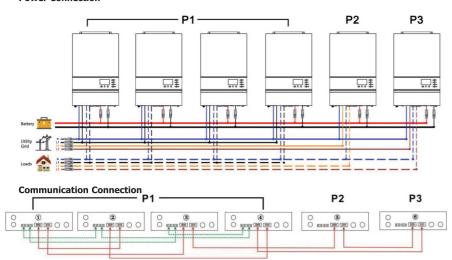


Communication Connection



Four inverters in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases:

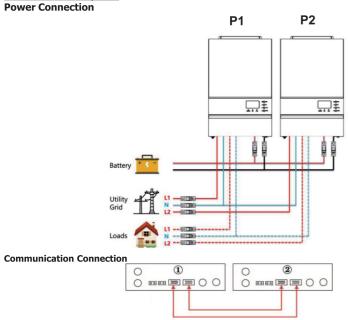
Power Connection



WARNING: Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases.

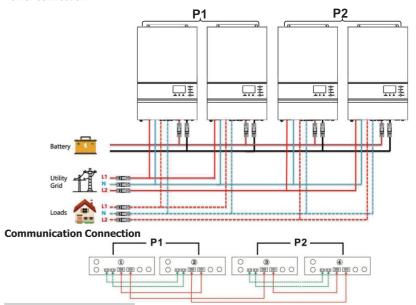
Parallel Operation in Split Phase

One inverter in each phase:

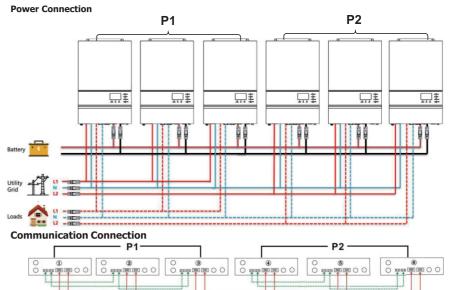


Two inverters in each phases:

Power Connection



Three inverters in each phases:



WARNING: Do not connect the current sharing cable between the inverters which are in different phases. Otherwise, it may damage the inverters.

35

PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection

CAUTION: Each inverter should connect to PV modules separate

LCD Setting and Display

Setting Program: Please refer to program 23

Commissioning

Parallel in single phase

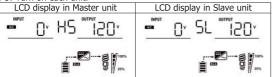
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- # Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 23 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

Note: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.



Note: Master and slave units are randomly defined.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If not, it will display warning 15.

LCD display in Master unit LCD display in Slave unit



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

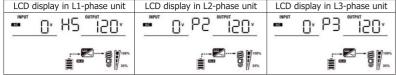
Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Parallel in three phase

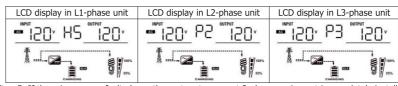
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- # Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected

Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 23 as 3P1, 3P2 and 3P3 sequentially. Then shut down all units. **Note:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed. Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially. Please turn on HOST inverter first, then turn on the rest one by one.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and three phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, they will display warning 15/16 and will not work in the line mode.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support 3-phase equipment is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: If there's only one inverter in L1-phase, the LCD will show as "HS". If there is more than one inverter in L1-phase, the LCD of the HOST inverter will show as "HS", the rest of L1-phase inverters will show as "P1".

Note 2: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in

Note 3: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

Parallel in split phase

Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected

Step 2: Turn on all units and configure LCD program 23 as 2P0 on phase1 units, then set as 2P2 (or 2P1) on phase2

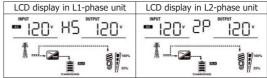
2P0 + 2P1: split phase 120V/208V

2P0 + 2P2: split phase 120V/240V

Note: It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed. Step 3: Turn on all units sequentially. Please turn on HOST inverter first, then turn on the rest one by one.



Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. If AC connection is detected and split phases are matched with unit setting, they will work normally. Otherwise, they will display warning 15/16 and will not work in the line mode.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the system to support split-phase equipment is completely installed. Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

Note 1: If there's only one inverter in L1-phase, the LCD will show as "HS". If there is more than one inverter in L1-phase, the LCD of the HOST inverter will show as "HS", the rest of L1-phase inverters will show as "P1".

Note 2: To avoid overload occurring, before turning on breakers in load side, it's better to have whole system in

Note 3: Transfer time for this operation exists. Power interruption may happen to critical devices, which cannot bear transfer time.

Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked	
02	Over temperature	[02]
03	Battery voltage is too high	(D3) <u> </u>
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited	<u>05</u>
06	Output voltage is too high.	06,
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	[08]
09	Bus soft start failed	[09]
51	Over current or surge	<u>[5]</u>
52	Bus voltage is too low	[52]
53	Inverter soft start failed	(53)-
55	Over DC voltage in AC output	[22]
56	Battery connection is open	(56)
57	Current sensor failed	[5]
58	Output voltage is too low	(58)-
60	Negative power fault	[60]-
80	CAN fault	[8O] -
81	Host loss	[8]

Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked	Beep three times every second	<u>~[]</u>
02	Over temperature	Beep once every second	<u>~50</u>
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	<u>03</u> ^
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	(DY)^A
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	OVER LOAD
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
12	Solar charger stops due to low battery	Beep once every second	[15]
13	Solar charger stops due to high PV voltage	Beep once every second	[13]^
14	Solar charger stops due to overload	Beep once every second	
15	Parallel input utility grid different	Beep once every second	[15]
16	Parallel input phase error	Beep once every second	[16]^
17	Parallel output phase loss	Beep once every second	
20	BMS communication error	Beep once every second	<u>20</u> ≯
33	BMS communication loss	Beep once every second	(33 <u>)</u> *
34	Cell over voltage	Beep once every second	<u> 34</u> *
35	Cell under voltage	Beep once every second	(35 <u>^</u>
36	Total over voltage	Beep once every second	(36^
37	Total under voltage	Beep once every second	<u> </u>
38	Discharge over current	Beep once every second	(38 <u>)</u> ^
39	Charge over current	Beep once every second	<u>39</u> ^
40	Discharge over temperature	Beep once every second	(HD)
41	Charge over temperature	Beep once every second	[H] ^A
42	Mosfet over temperature	Beep once every second	[45]
43	Battery over temperature	Beep once every second	[43]
44	Battery under temperature	Beep once every second	<u>[44]</u> *
45	System shut down	Beep once every second	[45]

Battery Equalization

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalizationalso helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

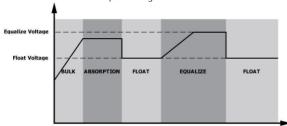
♯ How to Apply Equalization Function

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 43 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1. Setting equalization interval in program 47.
- 2. Active equalization immediately in program 48.

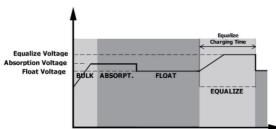
₩ When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

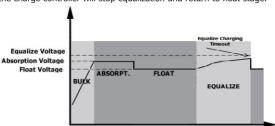


⊞ □ Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



Specifications

Table 1 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	ЗКVА
Safety Certification	CE
Operating Temperature Range	0°C ~ 55°C
Storage temperature	-15°C ~ 60°C
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)
Dimension, mm	455 x 295 x 130
Net Weight, kg	11.5
Altitude	<2000m

Table 2 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	ЗКVА		
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)		
Nominal Input Voltage	120Vac		
Low Loss Voltage	95Vac±5V (UPS); 65Vac±5V (Appliances)		
Low Loss Return Voltage	100Vac±5V (UPS); 70Vac±5V (Appliances)		
High Loss Voltage	140Vac±5V		
High Loss Return Voltage	135Vac±5V		
Max AC Input Voltage	150Vac		
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)		
Low Loss Frequency	40±1Hz		
Low Loss Return Frequency	42±1Hz		
High Loss Frequency	65±1Hz		
High Loss Return Frequency	63±1Hz		
Output Short Circuit Protection	Circuit Breaker		
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% (Rated R load, battery full charged)		
Transfer Time	10ms typical, 20ms Max. @Single; <30ms @Parallel		
Output power derating: When AC input voltage drops to 95V, the output power will be derated.	Output Power Rated Power 20% Power 65V 95V 140V Input Voltage		

Table 3 Inverter Mode Specifications

able 3 Inverter Mode Spec	able 3 Inverter Mode Specifications					
INVERTER MODEL	3KVA / 24V	3KVA / 48V				
Rated Output Power	3KVA/3KW					
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave					
Output Voltage Regulation	120Vac ±5%					
Output Frequency	50Hz/60Hz(default)					
Peak Efficiency		90%				
Overload Protection	5s@≥150% load;	10s@110%~150% load				
Surge Capacity	2* rated pov	wer for 5 seconds				
Nominal DC Input Voltage	24Vdc	48Vdc				
Cold Start Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	23.0Vdc	46.0Vdc				
Cold Start SOC (Li Mode)	Default 30%, Low DC Cut-or	ff SOC +10%				
Low DC Warning Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	22.0Vdc @ load < 20% 21.4Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 20.2Vdc @ load ≥ 50%	44.0Vdc @ load < 20% 42.8Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 40.4Vdc @ load ≥ 50%				
Low DC Warning Return Voltage(Lead-Acid Mode)	23.0Vdc @ load < 20% 22.4Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 21.2Vdc @ load ≥ 50%	46.0Vdc @ load < 20% 44.8Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 42.4Vdc @ load ≥ 50%				
Low DC Cut-off Voltage (Lead-Acid Mode)	21.0Vdc @ load < 20% 20.4Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 19.2Vdc @ load ≥ 50%	42.0Vdc @ load < 20% 40.8Vdc @ 20% ≤ load < 50% 38.4Vdc @ load ≥ 50%				
Low DC Cut-off Voltage (Li Mode)	21.0Vdc	42.0Vdc				
Low DC Warning SOC (Li Mode)	Low DC Cut-off SOC +5%					
Low DC Warning Return SOC (Li Mode)	Low DC Cut-off SOC +10%					
Low DC Cut-off SOC (Li Mode)	Default 20%, 5%~30% settable					
High DC Recovery Voltage	28.2Vdc(C.V. charging voltage) 56.4Vdc(C.V. charging voltage					
High DC Cut-off Voltage	30.4Vdc 60.8Vdc					
No Load Power Consumption	<50W					

Table 4 Charge Mode Specifications

	IODEL	3KVA / 24V	3KVA / 48V	
Charging Cu		Default: 30A, max 60A	Default: 30A, max 40A	
Bulk Charging Flooded Battery		29.2Vdc	58.4Vdc	
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	28.2Vdc	56 . 4Vdc	
Floating Cha	rging Voltage	27Vdc	54Vdc	
Overcharge	Protection	30Vdc	60Vdc	
Charging Alg	jorithm	3-Step		
Charging Curve		TO T1 = 10° TO, minimum 30°min, maximum 10°min, maximum 10°min	100% 50% Some Break Current Time (Floating)	
		(constant current)		
Solar Chargi	ng Mode			
Solar Chargi Efficiency Max. PV Arra		98.	0% max.	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta	ay Open ge	98.	0% max. 145Vdc	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery	ay Open ge PT Voltage	98. 30~115Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery PV charge	ay Open ge PT Voltage voltage for	98.	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc 34Vdc	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery PV charge Max PV Char	ay Open ge PT Voltage	98. 30~115Vdc 17Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery PV charge Max PV Char	ay Open ge PT Voltage voltage for rging current age Accuracy	98. 30~115Vdc 17Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc 34Vdc	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta Porray MP Range Min battery PV charge Max PV Char Battery Volta	ay Open ge PT Voltage voltage for rging current age Accuracy	98. 30~115Vdc 17Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc 34Vdc 80A	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery PV charge Max PV Char Battery Volta PV Voltage A Charging Alc	ay Open ge PT Voltage voltage for rging current age Accuracy	98. 30~115Vdc 17Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc 34Vdc 80A -/-0.3% +/-2V	
Efficiency Max. PV Arra Circuit Volta PV Array MP Range Min battery PV charge Max PV Char Battery Volta PV Voltage A Charging Alc	ay Open ge PT Voltage voltage for ging current age Accuracy accuracy gorithm and Solar Char	98. 30~115Vdc 17Vdc	0% max. 145Vdc 60~115Vdc 34Vdc 80A -/-0.3% +/-2V	

Trouble Shooting

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation	What to do
Unit shuts down Automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low . (<1.91V/Cell)	1.Re-charge battery. 2.Replace battery.
No response after power on.	No indication.	1.The battery voltage is far too low. (<1.4V/Cell) 2.Battery polarity is connected reversed.	Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. Re-charge battery. Replace battery.
	Input voltage is 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped.	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS—Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Battery First" or "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
When it's turned on, internal relay is switching on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.
	Fault code 01	Fan fault.	1.Check whether all fans are working properly. 2.Replace the fan.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of component is over 100 ℃.	1.Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high. 2.Check whether the thermistor plug is loose.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
	Warning code 04	The battery voltage/SOC is too low.	1.Measure battery voltage in DC input. 2.Check battery SOC in LCD when use Li battery. 3.Recharge the battery.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on.(Fault code)	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage is higher than 150Vac or less than 40Vac).	Reduce the connected load. Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
Buzzer beeps once	Fault code 07	The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
every second, and red LED is flashing. (Warning code)	Fault code 08	Bus voltage is too high.	1.If you connect to a lithum battery without communication, check whether the voltage points of the program 19 and 21 are too high for the lithum battery. 2. Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Warning code 15	The input status is different in parallel system.	Check if AC input wires of all inverters are connected well.
	Warning code 16	Input phase is not correct.	Change the input phase S and T wiring.
	Warning code 17	The output phase not correct in parallel.	1.Make sure the parallel setting are the same system(sigle or paralle; 3P1,3P2,3P3). 2.Make sure all phases inverters are power on.
	Warning code 20	Li battery can't communicate to the inverter.	1.Check whether communication line is correct connection between inverter and battery. 2.Check whether BMS protocol type is correct setting.

	Fault code 51	Over current or surge,	
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced	return to repair center.
	Fault code 56	Battery is not connected well or fuse is burnt.	If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 60	Negative power fault	Check whether the AC output connected to the grid input. Check whether Program 8 settings are the same for all parallel inverters Check whether the current sharing cables are connected well in the same parallel phases. Check whether all neutral wires of all parallel units are connected together. If problem still exists, contact repair center.
	Fault code 80	CAN fault	Check whether the parallel communication cables are connected well.
	Fault code 81	Host loss	Check whether Program 23 settings are right for the parallel system. If problem still exists, contact repair center

Note: To restart the inverter, all power sources need to be disconnected. After the LCD screen light is off, only use the battery to boot.